# Git Cheat Sheet

### Setup

Set the name and email that will be attached to your commits and tags

\$ git config --global user.name "Danny Adams" \$ git config --global user.email "myemail@gmail.com"

## Start a Project

Create a local repo (omit <directory> to initialise the current directory as a git repo

\$ git init <directory> Download a remote repo

\$ git clone <url>

### Make a Change

Add a file to staging

\$ git add <file>

Stage all files \$ git add .

Commit all staged files to git

\$ git commit -m "commit message"

Add all changes made to tracked files & commit

\$ git commit -am "commit message'

### **Basic Concepts**

main: default development branch origin: default upstream repo **HEAD:** current branch **HEAD^:** parent of HEAD HEAD~4: great-great grandparent of HEAD By @ Doable Danny

### **Branches**

List all local branches. Add -r flag to show all remote branches. -a flag for all branches.

\$ git branch

Create a new branch

working directory

Switch to a branch & update the

\$ git branch <new-branch>

\$ git checkout <branch>

Create a new branch and switch to it

\$ git checkout -b <new-</pre> branch>

Delete a merged branch

\$ git branch -d <branch>

Delete a branch, whether merged or not

\$ git branch -D <branch>

Add a tag to current commit (often used for new version releases)

\$ git tag <tag-name>

# Merging

Merge branch a into branch b. Add -no-ff option for no-fast-forward merge

Head (ff) **New Merge Commit (no-ff)** 

\$ git merge --squash a

\$ git checkout b \$ git merge a

Merge & squash all commits into one new commit

#### Rebasing

Rebase feature branch onto main (to incorporate new changes made to main). Prevents unnecessary merge commits into feature, keeping history clean

\$ git checkout feature \$ git rebase main

commits before rebasing onto main \$ git rebase -i main

Interatively clean up a branches

Interatively rebase the last 3 commits on current branch

\$ git rebase -i Head~3

# **Undoing Things**

Move (&/or rename) a file & stage move

\$ git mv <existing\_path> <new\_path>

Remove a file from working directory & staging area, then stage the removal

\$ git rm <file> Remove from staging area only

View a previous commit (READ only)

\$ git checkout <commit\_ID>

changes from a specified commit

\$ git revert <commit\_ID>

delete all commits ahead of it (revert is safer). Add --hard flag to also delete workspace changes (BE VERY CAREFUL) \$ git reset <commit\_ID>

## Review your Repo

List new or modified files not yet committed

\$ git status

List commit history, with respective

\$ git log --oneline

Show changes to unstaged files. For changes to staged files, add --cached option

\$ git diff

commit2\_ID

Show changes between two commits

**Stashing** 

\$ git diff commit1\_ID

Store modified & staged changes. To include untracked files, add -u flag. For untracked & ignored files, add -a flag.

\$ git stash

As above, but add a comment. \$ git stash save "comment"

Partial stash. Stash just a single file, a collection of files, or individual changes from within files

\$ git stash -p List all stashes

\$ git stash list

Re-apply the stash without deleting it

\$ git stash apply

Re-apply the stash at index 2, then delete it from the stash list. Omit stash@{n} to pop the most recent stash.

\$ git stash pop stash@{2}

Show the diff summary of stash 1. Pass the -p flag to see the full diff.

\$ git stash clear

Delete stash at index 1. Omit

stash@{n} to delete last stash made

\$ git stash drop stash@{1}

# **Synchronizing**

Delete all stashes

View all remote connections. Add -v

flag to view urls.

Remove a connection

\$ git remote remove <alias>

Fetch all branches from remote repo

\$ git fetch <alias>

\$ git fetch <alias> <branch>

Move (rebase) your local changes onto the top of new changes made to

history) \$ git pull --rebase <alias>

the remote repo (for clean, linear

Upload local content to remote repo

request)

Add a remote repo

\$ git remote add <alias>

\$ git remote

Rename a connection

\$ git remote rename <old> <new>

(no merge)

Fetch a specific branch

Fetch the remote repo's copy of the current branch, then merge

\$ git pull

\$ git push <alias>

Upload to a branch (can then pull

\$ git push <alias> <branch>

### \$ git rm --cached <file>

Create a new commit, reverting the

Go back to a previous commit &

\$ git stash show stash@{1}